

Tong Hsing Electronic Industries, Ltd.

Audit Committee Charter

Article 1: To establish the robust corporate governance of the Company, the Audit Committee Charter (the "Charter") of the Company is adopted pursuant to Article 3 of the "Regulations Governing the Exercise of Powers by Audit Committees of Public Companies" for compliance therewith.

Article 2: Matters concerning the number, term of office, powers, rules of procedure for meetings, and resources to be provided by the Company when the Audit Committee ("the Committee") exercises its powers shall be handled in accordance with the Charter.

Article 3: The main function of the Committee is to supervise the following matters:

1. Fair presentation of the financial reports of the Company.
2. The hiring (dismissal) of the certificated public accountants of the Company, as well as its independence and performance.
3. The effective implementation of the internal control system of the Company.
4. Compliance with relevant laws and regulations by the Company.
5. Management of the existing or potential risks of the Company.

Article 4: The Committee shall be composed of the entire number of independent directors. It shall not be fewer than three persons in number, one of whom shall be the convener, and at least one of whom shall have accounting or financial expertise.

The independent director members of the Committee shall serve a 3-year term, and may be re-elected to further terms. When the number of the independent director members on the Committee falls below that prescribed in the preceding paragraph or in the articles of incorporation due to an independent director's dismissal for any reason, a by-election shall be held at the next shareholders meeting to fill the vacancy. When the independent directors are dismissed en masse, a special shareholders meeting shall be called within 60 days from the date of the occurrence to hold a by-election to fill the vacancies.

Article 5: The provisions of the Securities and Exchange Act (the "Act"), the Company Act, and any other law regarding supervisors shall apply mutatis mutandis to the audit committee.

The provisions of Article 14-4, paragraph 4, of the Act concerning provisions of the Company Act that involve the powers of supervisors shall apply mutatis mutandis to the independent director members on the audit committee.

Resolutions of the Committee shall be adopted with the approval of one-half or more of

the entire membership of the Committee. The Committee convenor shall represent the Committee to the public.

Persons to represent the Company in matters under Articles 213, 214, and 223 of the Company Act shall be selected by the Committee by the procedure set out in the preceding paragraph. The Committee may resolve for members to individually represent or jointly represent the company in such matters. If representatives are not selected by the procedure in the preceding paragraph, the entire membership shall jointly represent the Company.

The term "entire membership" as used in the Charter shall be calculated as the number of members actually in office.

Article 6: The powers of the Committee are as follows:

1. The adoption or amendments to the internal control system pursuant to Article 14-1 of the Act.
2. Assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system.
3. The adoption or amendment, pursuant to Article 36-1 of the Act, of the procedures for handling financial or business activities of a material nature, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, loaning of funds to others, and endorsements or guarantees for others.
4. Matters in which a director is an interested party.
5. Asset transactions or derivatives trading of a material nature.
6. Loans of funds, endorsements, or provision of guarantees of a material nature.
7. The offering, issuance, or private placement of equity-type securities.
8. The hiring or dismissal of a certified public accountant, or their compensation.
9. The appointment or discharge of a financial, accounting, or internal audit officer.
10. Annual and semi-annual financial reports.
11. Other material matters as may be required by this Company or by the competent authority.

The matters under the preceding paragraph shall be subject to the approval of one half or more of the entire membership of the Committee and shall be submitted to the board of directors for a resolution.

Any matter in paragraph 1, with the exception of subparagraph 10, that has not been approved by one half or more of the entire membership of the Committee may be adopted with the approval of two thirds or more of the entire board of directors.

Article 7: The Committee shall convene at least once per quarter and may call a meeting at its discretion whenever necessary.

In calling a meeting of the Committee, a notice of the reasons for convening the meeting shall be given to each independent director member at least 7 days in advance. In emergency circumstances, however, the meeting may be called on shorter notice. The notice can be given under by means of electronic transmission.

A Committee shall be held at the location and during the business hours of the Company, or at a place and time convenient to attendance by all members and suitable for holding a Committee.

A member of the Committee shall be elected as the convener and meeting chair by and from the entire membership of the Committee. When the convener is on leave or unable to convene a meeting for any reason, the convener shall appoint another independent director member on the Committee as acting convener; if the convener does not make such an appointment, one independent director member of the Committee shall be elected by and from the other independent director members of the Committee to serve as convener.

Independent directors constituting one-half or more of the entire membership of the Committee may, by filing a written proposal setting forth the subjects for discussions and the reasons, request the convener to convene a meeting of the audit committee. If the convener fails to convene the Committee within 15 days from the filing of the request under the preceding paragraph, independent directors constituting one-half or more of the entire membership of the audit committee may convene a meeting on their own.

The Committee may request the managers of relevant departments, internal audit officers, certified public accountants, attorneys, or other personnel of the Company to attend the meeting as non-voting participants and provide pertinent and necessary information, provided that they shall leave the meeting when discussion or voting takes place.

When the Committee calls a meeting, it shall furnish the members of the Committee present at the meeting with relevant materials for reference as necessary.

Article 8: When the Committee meeting is held, the Company shall have an attendance book ready for signature by the independent director members attending the meeting and thereafter keep it available for future reference.

All independent director members on the Committee shall attend meeting in person; a member who cannot attend in person may appoint another independent director member to attend as their proxy. Attendance via tele- or video-conference is deemed attendance in person.

A member of the Committee appointing another independent director member to attend a committee meeting shall in each instance give to that director a written proxy stating

the scope of authorization with respect to the items on the meeting agenda.

Resolutions at meetings of the Committee shall be adopted with the consent of one-half or more of the entire membership. The result of a vote shall be made known immediately and recorded in writing.

If for a legitimate reason it is impossible to hold the Committee meeting, matters on the meeting agenda shall be adopted with the consent of two-thirds or more of the entire board of directors. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the matters set forth in Article 6, paragraph 1, subparagraph 10 of the Charter shall still require the opinion of the independent directors indicating their consent.

A proxy under paragraph 2 may accept a proxy from one person only.

Article 8-1: When the time of a meeting has arrived, if the Committee members present do not reach one-half of the entire membership, the meeting chair may announce that the meeting time will be postponed to later on the same day, provided that only two postponements may be made. If the quorum is still not met after two postponements, the chair may re-call the meeting following the procedures provided in paragraph 2 of Article 7.

Article 8-2: The Committee meeting shall be conducted in accordance with the order of business on the agenda as specified in the meeting notice. However, the order may be changed with the approval of one-half or more of the entire membership of the audit committee.

The meeting chair may not declare the meeting closed without the approval of one-half or more of the entire membership of the Committee.

If at any time during the proceedings of the Committee meeting the members sitting at the meeting do not reach one-half of the entire membership, then upon motion by the independent directors sitting at the meeting, the chair shall declare a suspension of the meeting, in which case the preceding article shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

If at any time during the proceedings of the Committee meeting, the convener for any reason is unable to chair the meeting or the chair fails to declare the meeting closed as provided in paragraph 2, the provisions of Article 7, paragraph 5 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the selection of the deputy to act in place thereof.

Article 9: Discussions at the Committee meeting shall be included in the meeting minutes, which shall faithfully record the following:

1. Term, time, and place of meeting.
2. Name of meeting chair.
3. Attendance of independent director members at the meeting, specifying names and

number of members present, excused, and absent.

4. Names and titles of those attending the meeting as a nonvoting participant.

5. Name of minutes taker.

6. Matters reported.

7. Agenda items:

Resolution method and result of each proposal; summary of the comments made by the independent director members on the audit committee and the experts and any other persons present at the meeting; the name of any independent director member possibly having an interest relationship as referred to in paragraph 1 of the Article 11, the essential content of the interest, the reasons why the director was required or not required to enter recusal, and the status of the recusal; and any objections or reservations expressed at the meeting.

8. Extraordinary motions:

Name of the mover; the resolution method and result of each proposal; summary of the comments made by the independent director members on the audit committee and the experts and any other persons present at the meeting; the name of any independent director member possibly having an interest relationship as referred to in paragraph 1 of the Article 11, the essential content of the interest, the reasons why the director was required or not required to enter recusal, and the status of the recusal; and any objections or reservations expressed at the meeting.

9. Other matters required to be recorded.

The attendance book forms a part of the minutes of each audit committee meeting and shall be well preserved for the duration of the existence of the Company.

The minutes of an audit committee meeting shall bear the signature or seal of both the meeting chair and the minutes taker, and a copy shall be distributed to each independent director member on the Committee within 20 days after the meeting and be carefully preserved as important records during the existence of the Company.

The production and distribution of the meeting minutes referred to in paragraph 1 may be made in electronic form.

Article 10: The Committee's meeting agenda shall be drafted by the convener. Other members may also put forward proposals for discussion by the Committee.

Article 11: If an independent director member of the Committee has a personal interest in any agenda item, the director shall explain the essential content of the interest. If the director's personal interest is likely to prejudice the interest of the Company, the director

member may not participate in discussion and voting, and shall recuse himself or herself from the discussion and voting, and also may not exercise voting rights as a proxy for any other independent director member.

Where the spouse or a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of an independent director is an interested party with respect to an agenda item as described in the preceding paragraph, such director shall be deemed to be an interested party with respect to that agenda item.

Where a matter is unable to be resolved at a committee meeting for the reason stated in paragraph 1, the fact shall be reported to the board of directors and the matter shall be resolved by the board instead.

The Company shall record on audio or video tape the entire proceedings of the Committee meeting, and preserve the recordings for at least five years, in electronic form or otherwise.

If before the end of the preservation period referred to in the preceding paragraph any litigation arises in connection with a resolution of an audit committee meeting, the relevant audio or video recordings shall continue to be preserved until the litigation is concluded.

Where the Committee meeting is held by video conference, the audio or video documentation of the meeting constitutes part of the meeting minutes and shall be well preserved for the duration of the existence of the Company.

Article 12: The Committee or any independent director member thereof may, on behalf and at the cost of the Company, engage an attorney, certified public accountant, or other professional of the Article 6 to conduct a necessary audit or provide advice with respect to any matter related to the exercise of the Committee's powers.

Article 13: The Committee members shall exercise the due care of a good administrator and faithfully perform the duties prescribed in the Charter; they shall be accountable to the board of directors and shall submit their proposals to be resolved by the board.

Article 14: The Committee shall conduct periodic reviews of matters relating to the Charter and present the results for amendment by the board of directors.

The execution of tasks relating to resolutions adopted by the Committee may be delegated to the convener or other Committee members for follow-up, with a written or verbal report to be presented to the Committee during the implementation period. When necessary, the matter shall be presented for ratification or a report made at the next meeting of the Committee.

Article 15: The Charter, and any amendments hereto, shall come into in force after adoption by a resolution of the board of directors.

The Charter shall come into force from June 21, 2019.

The first amendment was made on March 18, 2020.

The second amendment was made on February 29, 2024.